The following listing of claims is intended to supercede all previously filed listings of claims. Changes are shown with deletions in strikethrough and additions underlined.

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Kindly enter the following amendments to the claims:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended). An apparatus for digitally compensating the reception of

received radio frequency signals, comprising:

a first oscillator;

a downconverter for receiving the received radio frequency signals, the downconverter

being driven by the first oscillator, the downconverter and having a mixer;

a first frequency monitor adapted to measure the frequency of the first oscillator;

a second oscillator;

an analog-to-digital converter driven by the second oscillator;

a digital receiver driven by the second oscillator, the digital receiver having a numerically

controlled oscillator;

a second frequency monitor adapted to measure the frequency of the second oscillator;

a digital demodulator; and

a computer adapted to receive the frequency measurement of the first oscillator from the

first frequency monitor, to receive the frequency measurement of the second oscillator from the

second frequency monitor, to calculate the errors of the first oscillator and the second oscillator,

to calculate a frequency error produced by the mixer, and to calculate a numerically controlled

oscillator setting based on the calculation of the errors of the first oscillator and the second

oscillator;

wherein the numerically controlled oscillator is adapted to receive the numerically

controlled oscillator setting from the computer to cause the digital receiver to transmit a signal of

a desired frequency to the digital demodulator.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended). An apparatus for digitally compensating the transmission of

transmitted radio frequency signals, comprising:

a first oscillator;

DM US\8278693.v1

Applicant: WARDROP, et al.

Appl. No. 09/726,978

Page 3 of 14

a digital modulator having a numerically controlled oscillator and a mixer, wherein the

digital modulator and the numerically controlled oscillator are driven by the first oscillator;

a first frequency monitor that is adapted to measure the frequency of the first oscillator;

a digital to analog converter driven by the first oscillator;

a second oscillator;

an upconverter driven by the second oscillator;

a second frequency monitor adapted to measure the frequency of the second oscillator;

a computer adapted to receive the frequency measurement of the first oscillator from the

first frequency monitor, to receive the frequency measurement of the second oscillator from the

second frequency monitor, to calculate the errors of the first oscillator and the second oscillator,

to calculate a frequency error produced by the upconverter, and to calculate a numerically

controlled oscillator setting based on the calculation of the errors of the first oscillator and the

second oscillator;

wherein the numerically controlled oscillator is adapted to receive the numerically

controlled oscillator setting from the computer to cause said upconverter to transmit a <u>radio</u>

frequency signal of a desired frequency.

Claim 3 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 1 further comprising:

an antenna, the antenna being electrically coupled to the downconverter.

Claim 4 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the downconverter is

configured to output a frequency band that is configured to contain a plurality of radio channels.

Claim 5 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the digital receiver is

configured to select a radio channel from a plurality of radio channels.

Claim 6 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the radio frequency signals

are GPS signals.

DM_US\8278693.v1

Applicant: WARDROP, et al.

Appl. No. 09/726,978

Page 4 of 14

Claim 7 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 2 further comprising:

an antenna, the antenna being electrically coupled to the upconverter.

Claim 8 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the numerically controlled oscillator is configured to receive a frequency setting from the computer to compensate for inaccuracies of the oscillator.

Claim 9 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the digital modulator is configured to output a digital intermediate frequency to the digital to analog converter, and the digital to analog converter is configured to convert the digital intermediate frequency to an analog signal.

Claim 10 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the upconverter is configured to receive an analog signal from the digital to analog converter, the upconverter being configured to upconvert the analog signal to a desired transmission frequency.

Claim 11 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the radio frequencies are GPS radio frequencies.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended). An apparatus for digitally compensating the reception of received radio frequency signals, comprising:

an oscillator;

a downconverter <u>for receiving the received radio frequency signals</u>, the downconverter <u>being driven</u> by the first oscillator, the downconverter and having a mixer;

a frequency monitor adapted to measure the frequency of the oscillator;

an analog-to-digital converter driven by the oscillator;

a digital receiver driven by the oscillator, the digital receiver having a numerically controlled oscillator;

a digital demodulator; and

a computer adapted to receive the frequency measurement of the oscillator from the frequency monitor, to calculate an error associated with the oscillator, and to calculate a frequency error produced by the mixer, and to calculate a numerically controlled oscillator setting based on the calculation of the error associated with the oscillator;

wherein the numerically controlled oscillator is adapted to receive the numerically controlled oscillator setting from the computer to cause the digital receiver to transmit a signal of a desired frequency to the digital demodulator.

Claim 13 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 12 further comprising: an antenna, the antenna being electrically coupled to the downconverter.

Claim 14 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 12 wherein the downconverter is configured to output a frequency band that is configured to contain a plurality of radio channels.

Claim 15 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the digital receiver is configured to select a radio channel from a plurality of radio channels.

Claim 16 (Previously Presented). The apparatus of claim 12, wherein the radio frequency signals are GPS signals.

Claim 17 (Currently Amended). An apparatus for digitally compensating the transmission of transmitted radio frequencies, comprising:

an oscillator;

- a digital modulator having a numerically controlled oscillator and a mixer, wherein the digital modulator and the numerically controlled oscillator are driven by the oscillator;
 - a frequency monitor that is adapted to measure the frequency of the oscillator;
 - a digital to analog converter driven by the oscillator;
 - an upconverter driven by the oscillator;

Applicant: WARDROP, et al.

Appl. No. 09/726,978

Page 6 of 14

a computer adapted to receive the frequency measurement of the oscillator from the

frequency monitor, to calculate an error associated with the oscillator, to calculate a frequency

error produced by the upconverter, and to calculate a numerically controlled oscillator setting

based on the calculation of the error associated with the oscillator;

wherein the numerically controlled oscillator is adapted to receive the numerically

controlled oscillator setting from the computer to cause the upconverter to transmit a radio

<u>frequency</u> signal of a desired frequency to an antenna.

Claim 18 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 1617, further comprising:

an antenna, the antenna being electrically coupled to the downconverterupconverter.

Claim 19 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 1617, wherein the numerically

controlled oscillator is configured to receive a frequency setting from the computer to

compensate for inaccuracies of the oscillator.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 1617, wherein the digital modulator is

configured to output a digital intermediate frequency to the digital to analog converter, and the

digital to analog converter is configured to convert the digital intermediate frequency to an

analog signal.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 1617, wherein the upconverter is

configured to receive an analog signal from the digital to analog converter, the upconverter being

configured to upconvert the analog signal to a desired transmission frequency.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended). The apparatus of claim 1617, wherein the radio frequencies

are GPS radio frequencies.

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